

Claims

1. A process for preparing 4,6-dichloropyrimidine, characterized in that 4-chloro-6-hydroxypyrimidine is reacted with an acid chloride.
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2. The process as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that PCl_3 , POCl_3 , PCl_5 , R-PCl_2 , R-PCl_4 , R-POCl_2 and R_3PCl_2 , where R represents optionally substituted $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{10}$ -aryl or optionally substituted $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ -alkyl, acid chlorides of the formula $\text{R}'\text{-CO-Cl}$ with $\text{R}' = \text{chlorine}$, $\text{C}_1\text{-C}_{10}$ -alkoxy, $\text{C}_6\text{-C}_{10}$ -aryloxy, $-\text{O-CCl}_3$, $-\text{CO-Cl}$, $\text{C}_5\text{-C}_{11}$ -heteroaryloxy with 1 to 3 heteroatoms from the group N, O and S, where the alkoxy, aryloxy and hetaryloxy radicals may optionally be substituted, and SOCl_2 are employed as acid chloride.
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3. The process as claimed in claims 1 and 2, characterized in that the required acid chloride is generated in situ.
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4. The process as claimed in claims 1 to 3, characterized in that 4-chloro-6-hydroxypyrimidine is employed in isolated form or in the form of a reaction mixture containing 4-chloro-6-hydroxypyrimidine.
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5. The process as claimed in claims 1 to 4, characterized in that at least 1 mol of acid chloride is employed per mole of 4-chloro-6-hydroxypyrimidine.
6. The process as claimed in claims 1 to 5, characterized in that an aliphatic solvent, an aromatic solvent, a nitrile, an N-containing solvent, an ether or a polyether is employed as solvent.
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7. The process as claimed in claims 1 to 6, characterized in that it is carried out at temperatures in the range 0 to 200°C .
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8. The process as claimed in claims 1 to 7, characterized in that it is carried out under a pressure in the range 0.1 to 50 bar.
9. The process as claimed in claims 1 to 8, characterized in that 4-chloro-6-hydroxypyrimidine is added to the acid chloride with, where appropriate, a solvent.
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A1

add
a2